

Math 542 Comprehensive Examination

May 2013

Each problem is worth 10 points. Justify all the claims that you make.

Let \mathbb{D} denote the open unit disc $\{z \in \mathbb{C}: |z| < 1\}$, and \mathbb{T} the unit circle $\{z \in \mathbb{C}: |z| = 1\}$.

1. Suppose that f is an analytic function in a domain D such that $f'(z_0) = 0$ for some $z_0 \in D$. Prove that f is not one-to-one in any neighborhood of z_0 .
2. Let $f: \mathbb{D} \setminus \{0\} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ be an analytic function. Is it true that f has a removable singularity at 0 if and only if the function e^f has a removable singularity at 0?
3. Find the radius of convergence of the power series

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} k^k z^{k^2}.$$

4. Suppose that f and g are entire functions and there exists $R > 0$ such that $|f(z)| \leq |g(z)|$ for all z with $|z| > R$. Prove that f/g is a rational function.
5. Evaluate

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{d\theta}{3 - \cos^2 \theta}.$$

6. Find a conformal map from the complement of the cross

$$\mathbb{C} \setminus (\{z = x + i0: -1 \leq x \leq 1\} \cup \{z = 0 + iy: -1 \leq y \leq 1\})$$

onto the complement of the closed unit disc $\mathbb{C} \setminus \overline{\mathbb{D}}$.

7. Let $u: \mathbb{D} \setminus \{0\} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be a harmonic function. Prove that there exists a unique real number α such that $u(z) - \alpha \ln |z|$ is the real part of an analytic function $f: \mathbb{D} \setminus \{0\} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$.
8. Let $f: \overline{\mathbb{D}} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ be a continuous function that is analytic in \mathbb{D} . Assume that f maps the unit circle \mathbb{T} into $\mathbb{T} \setminus \{-1\}$. Prove that f is a constant.